



# **Preparing a Letter of Medical Necessity (LMN)** for WAKIX

This guide can be used as a resource for drafting and submitting an LMN if one is required to obtain insurance plan coverage approval for WAKIX (during the prior authorization [PA] or appeals process) for a patient.



### Place the information needed for the LMN on your office letterhead

Download an editable, electronic LMN template or request one from your Field Reimbursement Manager (FRM)

## Replace bracketed fields with information specific to your patient

- · Complete all fields as applicable
- Do not include fields that do not pertain to your patient
- Add information responding to the specific coverage criteria for the patient's insurance plan

It is the clinician's responsibility to determine the medical necessity of WAKIX for any patient. It is also the clinician's responsibility to provide only information that is accurate, complete, and applicable to the specific patient.



### Submit/upload the LMN with the PA or appeal request

- Be sure to submit the LMN in the format and method of submission requested by the insurance plan
- Submit/upload supporting documentation for the need for treatment with WAKIX, which may include:
  - Office visit notes
  - Diagnostic test results (eg, polysomnogram [PSG], Multiple Sleep Latency Test [MSLT], cerebrospinal fluid hypocretin)
  - Documentation of EDS (eg, Epworth Sleepiness Scale [ESS], Maintenance of Wakefulness Test [MWT])
  - Patient response to previous treatments, including treatment dates

Visit WAKIXRxCenter.com to download an editable, electronic LMN template and more prescribing resources

#### **Indications and Usage**

· WAKIX is indicated for the treatment of excessive daytime sleepiness (EDS) or cataplexy in adult patients with narcolepsy and for the treatment of excessive daytime sleepiness (EDS) in pediatric patients 6 years of age and older with narcolepsy.

#### **Important Safety Information**

#### **Contraindications**

 WAKIX is contraindicated in patients with known hypersensitivity to pitolisant or any component of the formulation. Anaphylaxis has been reported. WAKIX is also contraindicated in patients with severe hepatic impairment.





Questions or updates? Contact WAKIX for You



(1-855-925-4948) Monday–Friday, 8 AM–8 PM ET

# Important Safety Information Warnings and Precautions

- WAKIX prolongs the QT interval. Avoid use of WAKIX in patients
  with known QT prolongation or in combination with other drugs
  known to prolong the QT interval. Avoid use in patients with a
  history of cardiac arrhythmias, as well as other circumstances that
  may increase the risk of the occurrence of torsade de pointes or
  sudden death, including symptomatic bradycardia, hypokalemia or
  hypomagnesemia, and the presence of congenital prolongation of
  the QT interval.
- The risk of QT prolongation may be greater in patients with hepatic
  or renal impairment due to higher concentrations of pitolisant;
  monitor these patients for increased QTc. Dosage modification is
  recommended in patients with moderate hepatic impairment and
  moderate or severe renal impairment. WAKIX is contraindicated in
  patients with severe hepatic impairment and not recommended in
  patients with end-stage renal disease (ESRD).

#### **Adverse Reactions**

- In the placebo-controlled clinical trials conducted in adult patients with narcolepsy with or without cataplexy, the most common adverse reactions (≥5% and at least twice placebo) for WAKIX were insomnia (6%), nausea (6%), and anxiety (5%). Other adverse reactions that occurred at ≥2% and more frequently than in patients treated with placebo included headache, upper respiratory tract infection, musculoskeletal pain, heart rate increased, hallucinations, irritability, abdominal pain, sleep disturbance, decreased appetite, cataplexy, dry mouth, and rash.
- In the placebo-controlled phase of the clinical trial conducted in pediatric patients 6 years and older with narcolepsy with or without cataplexy, the most common adverse reactions (≥5% and greater than placebo) for WAKIX were headache (19%) and insomnia (7%).
   The overall adverse reaction profile of WAKIX in the pediatric clinical trial was similar to that seen in the adult clinical trial program.

#### **Drug Interactions**

- Concomitant administration of WAKIX with strong CYP2D6 inhibitors increases pitolisant exposure by 2.2-fold. Reduce the dose of WAKIX by half.
- Concomitant use of WAKIX with strong CYP3A4 inducers decreases exposure of pitolisant by 50%. Dosage adjustments may be required.
- H<sub>1</sub> receptor antagonists that cross the blood-brain barrier may reduce the effectiveness of WAKIX. Patients should avoid centrally acting H<sub>1</sub> receptor antagonists.
- WAKIX is a borderline/weak inducer of CYP3A4. WAKIX may reduce
  the effectiveness of sensitive CYP3A4 substrates, including hormonal
  contraceptives. Patients using hormonal contraception should be
  advised to use an alternative non-hormonal contraceptive method during
  treatment with WAKIX and for at least 21 days after discontinuing treatment.

#### **Use in Specific Populations**

- There is a pregnancy exposure registry that monitors pregnancy outcomes in women who are exposed to WAKIX during pregnancy. Patients should be encouraged to enroll in the WAKIX pregnancy registry if they become pregnant. To enroll or obtain information from the registry, patients can call 1-800-833-7460.
- The safety and effectiveness of WAKIX have not been established for the treatment of excessive daytime sleepiness in pediatric patients less than 6 years of age with narcolepsy. The safety and effectiveness of WAKIX have not been established for the treatment of cataplexy in pediatric patients with narcolepsy.
- WAKIX is extensively metabolized by the liver. WAKIX is contraindicated in patients with severe hepatic impairment. Dosage adjustment is recommended in patients with moderate hepatic impairment.
- WAKIX is not recommended in patients with end-stage renal disease. Dosage adjustment of WAKIX is recommended in patients with eGFR <60 mL/minute/1.73 m<sup>2</sup>.
- Dosage reduction is recommended in patients known to be poor CYP2D6 metabolizers; these patients have higher concentrations of WAKIX than normal CYP2D6 metabolizers.

To report suspected adverse reactions, contact Harmony Biosciences at 1-800-833-7460 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch.



WAKIX is a registered trademark and
WAKIX for You is a trademark of Bioprojet Europe, Ltd.
Harmony Biosciences and logo are trademarks of
Harmony Biosciences Management, Inc. and are used herein by permission.
© 2025 Harmony Biosciences. All rights reserved.
US-WAK-2400630/Jan 2025